

Grab Bag

Buoyant, dry bag offering a convenient way to store all your safety equipment ready for emergency use.

Dimensions flat:

Height: 35 cm (13.78 in)
Width: 27.5 cm (10.83 in)
9 litre (1.98gal) capacity



Item no. 9875000

Polybottles

Rugged, buoyant containers, ideal for storing distress signals. Can be easily picked up in an emergency.



Item no. 9569000

Large Polybottle (waterproof)
12 litre (2.64gal) capacity



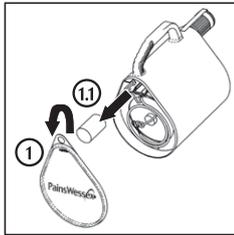
Item no. 9870050
Mini Polybottle

(water resistant)
3 litre (0.8gal) capacity

Linethrower 250

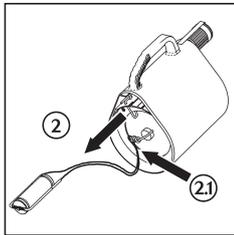
Rocket Installation Instruction

1. Inspect the container before changing the rocket for damage and signs of wear. A damaged device must not be used again. Remove the cover of the container and withdraw the white stoppers in the upper part of the container (1.1).



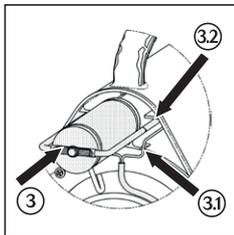
Attention: In no circumstances are you to remove the stoppers from the middle of the cable coil!

- 2a. Replace old rocket. Extract the rocket completely from the rocket shaft of the container and separate from the cord (2.1).



- 2b. Install new rocket.

3. Connect the new rocket with the cord (Bowline) and let them slide into the rocket shaft. The bracket must be guided under the tracks (3.1).

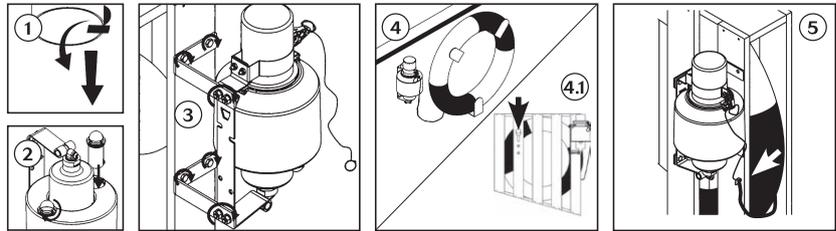


Attention: The rocket should only slide into the rocket shaft through its own dead weight. Pay attention to the correct position of the pull jack. The steel cables of the pull jack run into the rocket shaft beneath the rocket and are guided through slots on the floor of the shaft (3.2). Ensure that the knotting of the cord end (Slipstek) does not hinder the rockets when firing. Fix the rocket in the bottom of the rocket shaft, place the white polystyrene plug on top and seal the container with the white top cover.

4. Attach date stickers to the device where the designated place of the product label should be.

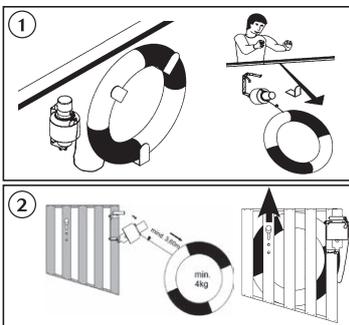
Manoverboard MK9

Mounting, Operating and Test Instructions



MOUNTING INSTRUCTION

- 1 Remove transit tag from base of light units. Check lights work by inverting units. Note: Lights only operate when upright and without transit tags.
- 2 Screw lights firmly into their holders in the float.
- 3 Fasten mounting bracket on outside of bridge wing bulwarks. Select mounting point to avoid vibration as much as possible. With Lifebuoy shute –fasten the right angled brackets on outboard side of lifebuoy shute. Screw mounting bracket to right angled brackets.
- 4 Install lifebuoy into bracket (4). Or-install lifebuoy into shute and fix by locking pin.(4.1)
- 5 Tie the connection line of the lifebuoy to the pull cord of the Light Smoke signal. (Minimum 3.6m of line)
Avoid at any time applying strong tension on the safety clip of the pull cord. Danger of unintended release of signal.



OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1 In case of a man overboard, throw lifebuoy overboard and the signal will be released automatically.
- 2 Attached to Lifebuoy shute: Remove pin and weight of lifebuoy will automatically release the signal. Signal produces dense orange smoke for 15 minutes minimum and two white lights far exceed the minimum requirement of 2 hours at 2 candela.

TESTING THE LIGHTS

- 1 The signal is designed to be 'fit and forget' for its entire service life.
- 2 Annual testing of lights is not required.
- 3 The LED lights are operated by a lithium battery and a tilt switch. They will remain 'OFF' until the signal is turned upright.
- 4 If a light test is required. Each light unit can be carefully unscrewed and removed from the holder in the float.
Hold light upright to turn on.
Screw units firmly back into holders. Take care not to drop the lights!