# One Step Teak Cleaner \& Brightener 

Safety Data Sheet
According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / M onday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations
Revision Date: 05/20/2016

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

## Product Identifier

Product Name: One Step Teak Cleaner \& Brightener
Product Code: 949XX

## Intended Use of the Product

Use of the Substance/ M ixture: Cleaner.
Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party
Starbrite ${ }^{\circledR} \mid$ Inc.
4041 SW 47 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Avenue
Fort Lauderdale, FL 33314
(954)587-6280
www.starbrite.com

## Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : US: (800) 424-9300; International: (703) 527-3887 (CHEM TREC)

## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US classification
Eye Dam. 1 H318
Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16
Label Elements
GHS-US Labeling
Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)


Signal W ord (GHS-US)
Hazard Statements (GHS-US)
Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)
: Danger
: H318 - Causes serious eye damage.
P280 - Wear eye protection, protective gloves, protective clothing. P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310-Immediately call POISON CENTER/doctor.

Other Hazards
May be corrosive to respiratory tract. Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.
Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) Not available

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

| Name | Product Identifier | \% (w/w) | GHS-US classification |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Oxalic acid | (CAS No) 144-62-7 | $5-10$ | Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 <br> Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 <br> Eye Dam. 1, H318 |
| Hydroxyacetic acid | (CAS No) 79-14-1 | $5-10$ | Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 <br> Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332 <br> Skin Corr. 1B, H314 <br> Eye Dam. 1, H318 <br> Aquatic Acute 3, H402 |
| Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and <br> C14-16-alkene, sodium salts | (CAS No) 68439-57-6 | $1-2$ | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 <br> Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 |
| EN(English US) |  |  |  |

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|  |  |  | Aquatic Acute 2, H401 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Triethanolamine | (CAS No) 102-71-6 | $0.1-1$ | Not classified |

Full text of H -phrases: see section 16
*A range of concentration as prescribed by Controlled Products Regulations has been used where necessary, due to varying composition. The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret within the meaning of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard [29 CFR 1910.1200].

## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

## Description of First-aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label if possible).
Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.
Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 60 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/ attention.
Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Obtain medical attention.
Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed
General: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.
Skin Contact: Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.
Eye Contact: Causes serious eye damage. Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.
Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.
Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.
Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed
If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention.

## SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

## Extinguishing M edia

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.
Unsuitable Extinguishing M edia: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.
Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture
Fire Hazard: Not flammable.
Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive, however in contact with incompatabilities may release explosive hydrogen gas. Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions. Adding water to solution may generate large amounts of heat. Reacts exothermically with (some) bases.

## Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.
Firefighting Instructions: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.
Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides ( $\mathrm{CO}, \mathrm{CO}_{2}$ ). Nitrogen compounds. Sulfur compounds.
Reference to Other Sections
Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures
General Measures: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray.
For Non-Emergency Personnel
Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).
Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.
For Emergency Personnel
Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

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Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area. Stop leak if safe to do so.

## Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

## Methods and M aterials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Cautiously neutralize spilled liquid. Absorb and/ or contain spill with inert material, then place in suitable container. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.
Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

## Reference to Other Sections

See heading 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. Concerning disposal elimination after cleaning, see item 13. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

## SECTION 7: HANDING AND STORAGE

## Precautions for Safe Handling

Hygiene M easures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work. Avoid breathing vapors, mist, and spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

## Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.
Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials.
Incompatible Materials: Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. M etals.
Specific End Use(s)
Cleaner.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government

| Oxalic acid (144-62-7) |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Mexico | OEL TWA $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |
| Mexico | OEL STEL $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH TWA $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH STEL $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (TWA) $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL $(\mathrm{STEL})\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |
| USA IDLH | US IDLH $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $500 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |
| Alberta | OEL STEL $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |
| Alberta | OEL TWA $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |
| British Columbia | OEL STEL $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}(\mathrm{anhydrous)})$ |
| British Columbia | OEL TWA $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}(\mathrm{anhydrous)})$ |
| Manitoba | OEL STEL $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |
| Manitoba | OEL TWA $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |
| New Brunswick | OEL STEL $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |
| New Brunswick | OEL TWA $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |
| Newfoundland \& Labrador | OEL STEL $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |
| Newfoundland \& Labrador | OEL TWA $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |
| Nova Scotia | OEL STEL $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |
| Nova Scotia | OEL TWA $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |
| Nunavut | OEL STEL $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |
| Nunavut | OEL TWA $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |

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| Northwest Territories | OEL STEL $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Northwest Territories | OEL TWA $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| Ontario | OEL STEL $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| Ontario | OEL TWA $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| Prince Edward Island | OEL STEL $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| Prince Edward Island | OEL TWA $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| Québec | VECD $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| Québec | VEM P $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| Saskatchewan | OEL STEL $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| Saskatchewan | OEL TWA $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| Yukon | OEL STEL $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| Yukon | OEL TWA $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| Triethanolamine (102-71-6) |  |  |  |  |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH TWA $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| Alberta | OEL TWA $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| British Columbia | OEL TWA $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| Manitoba | OEL TWA $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| New Brunswick | OEL TWA $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| Newfoundland \& Labrador | OELTWA $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| Nova Scotia | OEL TWA $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| Northwest Territories | OELSTEL $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $10 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| Northwest Territories | OEL TWA $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| Ontario | OEL TWA $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $3.1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| Ontario | OEL TWA $(\mathrm{ppm})$ | 0.5 ppm |  |  |
| Prince Edward Island | OEL TWA $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| Québec | VEM P $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| Saskatchewan | OELSTEL $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $10 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| Saskatchewan | OEL TWA $\left(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | $5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |  |
| Expare Controls |  | 2 |  |  |

## Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapor or mists below the applicable workplace exposure limits.
Personal Protective Equipment: Protective clothing. Gloves. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.


Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.
Hand Protection: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.
Eye Protection: Chemical safety goggles.
Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.
Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties
Physical State : Liquid
Appearance : Colorless
Odor : Characteristic
Odor Threshold
: Not available

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| pH | 1.6 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Evaporation Rate | Not available |
| M elting Point | Not available |
| Freezing Point | Not available |
| Boiling Point | Not available |
| Flash Point | $>100{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (>212 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) |
| Auto-ignition Temperature | Not available |
| Decomposition Temperature | Not available |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available |
| Lower Flammable Limit | Not available |
| Upper Flammable Limit | Not available |
| Vapor Pressure | Not available |
| Relative Vapor Density at $20{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Not available |
| Relative Density | Not available |
| Specific Gravity | 1 (water = 1) |
| Solubility | Soluble in water. |
| Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/ Water | Not available |
| Viscosity | Not available |
| Explosion Data - Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact | Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact. |
| Explosion Data - Sensitivity to Static Discharge | Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to static discharge. |
| SECTION 10: STABIJTY AND REACTIVITY |  |
| Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions. Adding water to solution may generate large amounts of heat. Reacts exothermically with (some) bases. |  |
| Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7). |  |
| Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur. |  |
| Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials. Contact with metallic substances. |  |
| Incompatible Materials: Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. M etals. |  |
| Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon oxides ( $\mathrm{CO}, \mathrm{CO}_{2}$ ). Nitrogen compounds. Sulfur compounds. |  |
| SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION |  |
| Information on Toxicological Effects - Product |  |
| Acute Toxicity: Not classified ID50 and IC50 Data: Not available |  |
|  |  |
| Skin Corrosion/ Irritation: Not classified. pH: 1.6 |  |
| Serious Eye Damage/ Irritation: Causes serious eye damage. pH: 1.6 |  |
| Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified |  |
| Germ Cell M utagenicity: Not classified |  |
| Teratogenicity: Not classified |  |
| Carcinogenicity: Not classified |  |
| Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified |  |
| Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified |  |
| Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified |  |
| Aspiration Hazard: Not classified |  |
| Symptoms/ Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation. |  |
| Symptoms/ Injuries After Skin Contact: Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation. |  |
| Symptoms/ Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes serious eye damage. Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva. |  |
| Symptoms/ Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects. |  |
| Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use. |  |

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| Triethanolamine (102-71-6) |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| BCF Fish 1 | 3.9 |
| Log Pow | -2.53 |

## Mobility in Soil Not available

Other Adverse Effects
Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations
Additional Information: Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.
Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment.

## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

## In Accordance With ICAO/IATA/ DOT/TDG/IMDG

UN Number Not regulated for transport
UN Proper Shipping Name Not regulated for transport
Transport Hazard Class(es)
Marine Pollutant :No
Additional Information Not available
Transport by sea Not regulated for transport
Air transport Not regulated for transport
In Accordance With IMDG Not regulated for transport
In Accordance With IATA/ICAO Not regulated for transport
In Accordance With TDG Not regulated for transport
SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

## US Federal Regulations

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SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes $\quad$ Immediate (acute) health hazard
Oxalic acid (144-62-7)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag $\quad$ T-T-indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA
Hydroxyacetic acid (79-14-1)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory
Triethanolamine (102-71-6)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory
Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts (68439-57-6)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory
US State Regulations
Oxalic acid (144-62-7)
U.S. - Connecticut - Hazardous Air Pollutants - HLVs (30 min)
U.S. - Connecticut - Hazardous Air Pollutants - HLVs (8 hr)
U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations
U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Emission Levels (ELs)
U.S. - Idaho - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs

RTK - U.S. - M assachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs

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## Triethanolamine (102-71-6)

RTK - U.S. - M assachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour
U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual

RTK - U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 8-Hour

RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 25 Feet to Less Than 40 Feet
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 40 Feet to Less Than 75 Feet
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 75 Feet or Greater
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights Less Than 25 Feet

Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts (68439-57-6)
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term

## Canadian Regulations

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| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| WHM IS Classification | Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects |

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| Oxalic acid (144-62-7) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List) |  |
|  |  |
| IDLConcentration 0.1 \% |  |
| WHM IS Classification | Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class E-Corrosive M aterial |
| Hydroxyacetic acid (79-14-1) |  |
| Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List) |  |
| IDL Concentration 1 \% |  |
| WHM IS Classification | Class E - Corrosive M aterial |
| Triethanolamine (102-71-6) |  |
| Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List) |  |
| IDLConcentration 1 \% |  |
| WHM IS Classification | Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria |
| Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts (68439-57-6) |  |
| Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) |  |
| WHM IS Classification | Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects |

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

## Revision Date <br> Other Information

## GHS Full Text Phrases:

| Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal) | Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist) | Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4 |
| Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) | Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4 |
| Aquatic Acute 2 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2 |
| Aquatic Acute 3 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3 |
| Eye Dam. 1 | Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 |
| Eye Irrit. 2A | Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A |
| Skin Corr. 1B | Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed |
| H312 | Harmful in contact with skin |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled |
| H401 | Toxic to aquatic life |
| H402 | Harmful to aquatic life |

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## NFPA Health Hazard : 3-Short exposure could cause serious temporary or

 residual injury even though prompt medical attention was given.
## NFPA Fire Hazard

: $0-\mathrm{M}$ aterials that will not burn.
NFPA Reactivity
: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.


## Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

Starbrite®
Phone Number: (954)587-6280
This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.


[^0]:    U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
    U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALS) - 24-Hour
    U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual

    RTK - U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
    U.S. - New Jersey - Special Health Hazards Substances List
    U.S. - New York - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
    U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 1-Hour
    U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 8 -Hour
    U.S. - Oregon - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs

    RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
    U.S. - South Carolina - Toxic Air Pollutants - M aximum Allowable Concentrations
    U.S. - South Carolina - Toxic Air Pollutants - Pollutant Categories
    U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - STELS
    U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
    U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
    U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term
    U.S. - Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELS
    U.S. - Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
    U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELS
    U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
    U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 25 Feet to Less Than 40 Feet
    U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 40 Feet to Less Than 75 Feet
    U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 75 Feet or Greater
    U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights Less Than 25 Feet

    ## Hydroxyacetic acid (79-14-1)

    U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
    U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term

